

*Use your own observations plus information given during the visit and on [www.ensala.fr](http://www.ensala.fr) (links from Year 1) to answer these questions.*

The architect was keen to demonstrate how the building was anchored in long and proud craft traditions. Draw arrows to label parts of the facade with these words.

- Round-arch windows
- Balcony
- Recessed square windows
- Dog-tooth triglyphs
- T symbol for “travail”
- Ironwork

The photo opposite was taken just after the building’s completion. What year ?

Can you name the building that stood on the same site before La Maison du Peuple was built here ?



## La Maison du Peuple

All unions of workers were illegal in France until the Waldeck-Rousseau law was passed. What year was this law adopted ?

When was the CGT founded ?

What were the main trades of founding CGT members ?

Examine the two versions of the CGT logo, one in the floor mosaic and the other in stained glass. Use the back of this sheet to design a new version.

Explain the symbolism of the fresco above the meeting hall stage. Who painted it ?

Sketch details of the building's interior, furniture by "La Fraternelle" or details of the back courtyard and briefly give your impressions.